AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 28, 2014

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013-14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1770

Introduced by Assembly Member Dababneh

February 14, 2014

An act to amend Section 1624 of the Civil Code, relating to contracts. add Section 2941.8 to the Civil Code, relating to real property.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1770, as amended, Dababneh. Contracts: statute of frauds. Real property liens: request to terminate home equity line of credit.

Under existing law, within 30 days after a mortgage has been satisfied, the mortgagee or the assignee of the mortgagee is required to execute a certificate of the discharge of the mortgage, as specified, and to deliver, upon the request of the mortgagor or another authorized person, the original note and mortgage to the person making the request.

Existing law requires a creditor to make certain disclosures to a consumer applying for a home equity loan, as defined. Existing federal law relating to lending practices specifies certain circumstances under which a lender may reduce or terminate an existing home equity line of credit.

This bill would require a lender, upon receipt of a request from an authorized person, as defined, to terminate a borrower's revolving line of credit secured by a mortgage or deed of trust, also referred to as a home equity line of credit, when the secured property is in escrow. This bill would prescribe the contents of this written request, and would require the authorized person to provide a copy of the written request to the borrower, along with a notice to the borrower relating to the effect of the termination of the home equity line of credit.

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Existing law provides that certain contracts are invalid unless the contract, or some note or memorandum of the contract, is in writing and subscribed by the party to be charged.

This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to this provision.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 2941.8 is added to the Civil Code, to read: 2941.8. (a) Upon receipt of a written request from an 3 authorized person to terminate a revolving line of credit secured 4 by a mortgage or deed of trust, the lender shall do all of the 5 following:
 - (1) Terminate the borrower's right to obtain advances under the borrower's revolving line of credit.
 - (2) Apply all sums subsequently paid by or on behalf of the borrower in connection with the revolving line of credit to the satisfaction of the revolving line of credit and other sums secured by the related revolving line security instrument.
 - (3) When the balance of all outstanding sums secured by the related revolving line security instrument becomes zero, satisfy the related revolving line security instrument.
 - (b) No particular phrasing is required in the written request provided to the lender to terminate an equity line of credit, but shall contain at least the following:
 - (1) The name of each borrower.
 - (2) The account number of the equity line of credit.
 - (3) The street address of the property, if appropriate.
 - (c) For purposes of this section "authorized person" includes a licensed title insurance company, underwritten title company, or controlled escrow company, as defined in Sections 12340.4, 12340.5, and 12340.6, respectively, of the Insurance Code, or an escrow company as used in the Financial Code.
 - (d) For purposes of this section, "receipt of a written request" includes confirmation by fax, email, or paper copy sent by certified mail.
- 29 (e) A written request to terminate a revolving line of credit 30 secured by a mortgage or deed of trust from an authorized person

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shall be provided to the borrower and be accompanied by the 2 following language: 3 4 "NOTICE TO BORROWER" 5 You have a home equity line of credit with _____, secured by a mortgage or deed of trust, and lien, on real property located at 6 7 Our company is handling the escrow for your transaction. We 8 9 are sending the attached notice to your lender, requesting that your home equity line of credit be terminated. Our reason for 10 making this request is: ___ 11 When your lender receives our request, your lender will 12 13 terminate and close your home equity line of credit, and you will no longer be able to obtain credit advances. However, termination 14 15 of your home equity line of credit does not release you from liability for amounts owed under the account. All sums your lender 16 17 subsequently receives in connection with your home equity line of 18 credit, including any sums we may send to your lender, shall be 19 applied by your lender to the satisfaction of your account. When the balance of your account becomes zero, your lender will be 20 21 required to cancel the mortgage or deed of trust as a matter of 22 public record. 23 If you have questions about this notice or our action, please 24 contact _____ by calling us at _____ or writing to us at _____. 25 26 27 (Name of Company) 28 29 SECTION 1. Section 1624 of the Civil Code is amended to 30 read: 31 1624. (a) The following contracts are invalid, unless they, or 32 some note or memorandum thereof, are in writing and subscribed 33 by the party to be charged or by the party's agent: 34 (1) An agreement that by its terms is not to be performed within 35 a year from the making thereof. (2) A special promise to answer for the debt, default, or 36 37 miscarriage of another, except in the cases provided for in Section 2794. 38 39 (3) An agreement for the leasing for a longer period than one 40 year, or for the sale of real property, or of an interest therein; such

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an agreement, if made by an agent of the party sought to be charged, is invalid, unless the authority of the agent is in writing, subscribed by the party sought to be charged.

- (4) An agreement authorizing or employing an agent, broker, or any other person to purchase or sell real estate, or to lease real estate for a longer period than one year, or to procure, introduce, or find a purchaser or seller of real estate or a lessee or lessor of real estate where the lease is for a longer period than one year, for compensation or a commission.
- (5) An agreement that by its terms is not to be performed during the lifetime of the promisor.
- (6) An agreement by a purchaser of real property to pay an indebtedness secured by a mortgage or deed of trust upon the property purchased, unless assumption of the indebtedness by the purchaser is specifically provided for in the conveyance of the property.
- (7) A contract, promise, undertaking, or commitment to loan money or to grant or extend credit, in an amount greater than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), not primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, made by a person engaged in the business of lending or arranging for the lending of money or extending credit. For purposes of this section, a contract, promise, undertaking or commitment to loan money secured solely by residential property consisting of one to four dwelling units shall be deemed to be for personal, family, or household purposes.
 - (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of subdivision (a):
- (1) An agreement or contract that is valid in other respects and is otherwise enforceable is not invalid for lack of a memorandum, note, or other writing and is enforceable by way of action or defense, provided that the agreement or contract is a qualified financial contract as defined in paragraph (2) and (A) there is, as provided in paragraph (3), sufficient evidence to indicate that a contract has been made or (B) the parties thereto by means of a prior or subsequent written contract, have agreed to be bound by the terms of the qualified financial contract from the time they reached agreement (by telephone, by exchange of electronic messages, or otherwise) on those terms.
- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, a "qualified financial contract" means an agreement as to which each party thereto is other than a natural person and that is any of the following:

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(A) For the purchase and sale of foreign exchange, foreign eurrency, bullion, coin or precious metals on a forward, spot, next-day value or other basis.

- (B) A contract (other than a contract for the purchase of a commodity for future delivery on, or subject to the rules of, a contract market or board of trade) for the purchase, sale, or transfer of any commodity or any similar good, article, service, right, or interest that is presently or in the future becomes the subject of a dealing in the forward contract trade, or any product or byproduct thereof, with a maturity date more than two days after the date the contract is entered into.
- (C) For the purchase and sale of currency, or interbank deposits denominated in United States dollars.
- (D) For a currency option, currency swap, or cross-currency rate swap.
- (E) For a commodity swap or a commodity option (other than an option contract traded on, or subject to the rules of a contract market or board of trade).
- (F) For a rate swap, basis swap, forward rate transaction, or an interest rate option.
- (G) For a security-index swap or option, or a security or securities price swap or option.
- (H) An agreement that involves any other similar transaction relating to a price or index (including, without limitation, any transaction or agreement involving any combination of the foregoing, any cap, floor, collar, or similar transaction with respect to a rate, commodity price, commodity index, security or securities price, security index, other price index, or loan price).
 - (I) An option with respect to any of the foregoing.
- (3) There is sufficient evidence that a contract has been made in any of the following circumstances:
- (A) There is evidence of an electronic communication (including, without limitation, the recording of a telephone call or the tangible written text produced by computer retrieval), admissible in evidence under the laws of this state, sufficient to indicate that in the communication a contract was made between the parties.
- (B) A confirmation in writing sufficient to indicate that a contract has been made between the parties and sufficient against the sender is received by the party against whom enforcement is

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sought no later than the fifth business day after the contract is made (or any other period of time that the parties may agree in writing) and the sender does not receive, on or before the third business day after receipt (or the other period of time that the parties may agree in writing), written objection to a material term of the confirmation. For purposes of this subparagraph, a confirmation or an objection thereto is received at the time there has been an actual receipt by an individual responsible for the transaction or, if earlier, at the time there has been constructive receipt, which is the time actual receipt by that individual would have occurred if the receiving party, as an organization, had exercised reasonable diligence. For the purposes of this subparagraph, a "business day" is a day on which both parties are open and transacting business of the kind involved in that qualified financial contract that is the subject of confirmation.

- (C) The party against whom enforcement is sought admits in its pleading, testimony, or otherwise in court that a contract was made.
- (D) There is a note, memorandum, or other writing sufficient to indicate that a contract has been made, signed by the party against whom enforcement is sought or by its authorized agent or broker.

For purposes of this paragraph, evidence of an electronic communication indicating the making in that communication of a contract, or a confirmation, admission, note, memorandum, or writing is not insufficient because it omits or incorrectly states one or more material terms agreed upon, as long as the evidence provides a reasonable basis for concluding that a contract was made.

(4) For purposes of this subdivision, the tangible written text produced by telex, telefacsimile, computer retrieval, or other process by which electronic signals are transmitted by telephone or otherwise shall constitute a writing, and any symbol executed or adopted by a party with the present intention to authenticate a writing shall constitute a signing. The confirmation and notice of objection referred to in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) may be communicated by means of telex, telefacsimile, computer, or other similar process by which electronic signals are transmitted by telephone or otherwise, provided that a party claiming to have communicated in that manner shall, unless the parties have

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- otherwise agreed in writing, have the burden of establishing actual or constructive receipt by the other party as set forth in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3).
- 4 (e) This section does not apply to leases subject to Division 10 (commencing with Section 10101) of the Commercial Code.